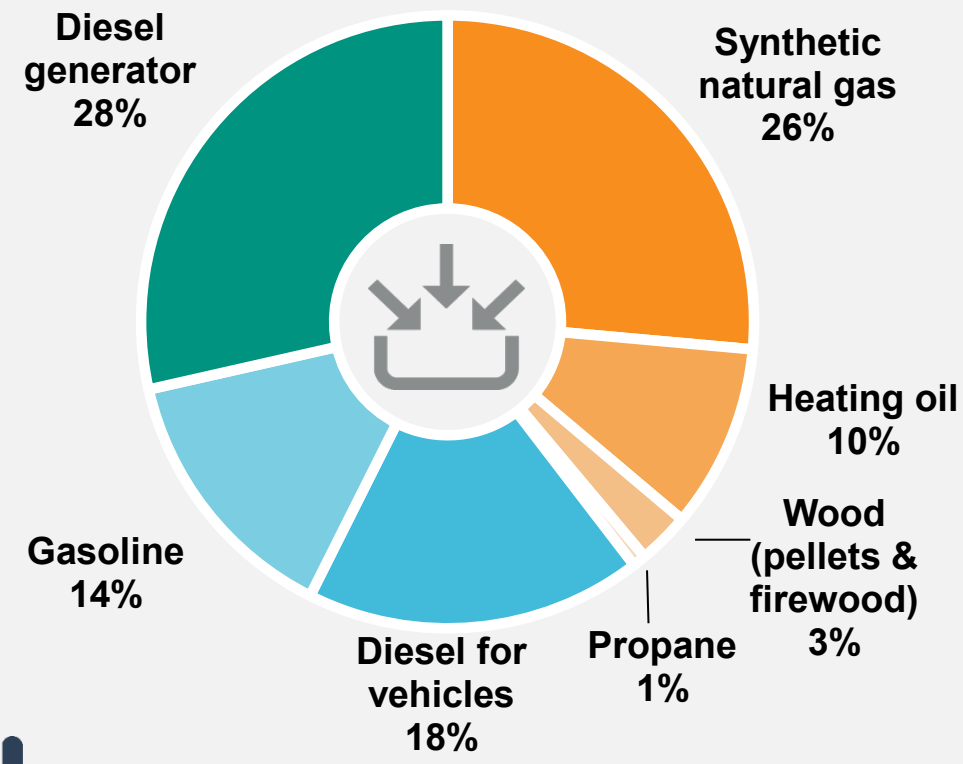


## Energy Sources – 1 Year



### Diesel generator produces electricity and heat

37% electricity  
62% waste heat  
1% recovered heat



### Energy cost

Total: \$44,300,000  
Cost per person: \$12,900

44% diesel generator  
18% synthetic natural gas  
7% heating oil  
1% wood pellets  
1% firewood

1% propane  
0.3% waste heat recovery  
15% diesel for vehicles  
13% gasoline



### Renewable energy

3% of total energy  
2% of total from firewood  
1% of total from wood pellets  
0.1% of total from solar PV

Unless otherwise noted, numbers reflect energy sources purchased or sourced in the community, and do not include industry or commercial transport. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

# ENERGY PROFILE

Where we get energy and how we use it

## INUVIK 2018

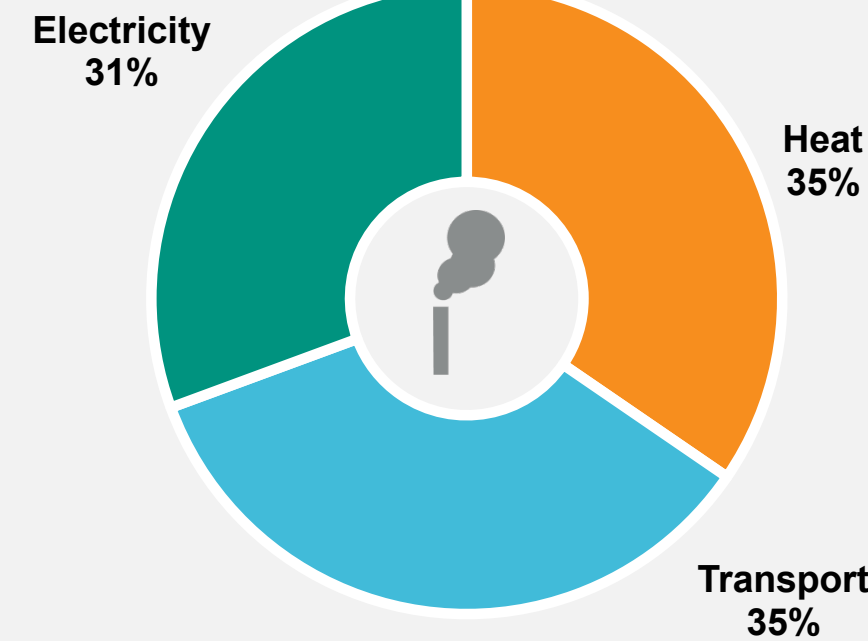
Population: 3,441



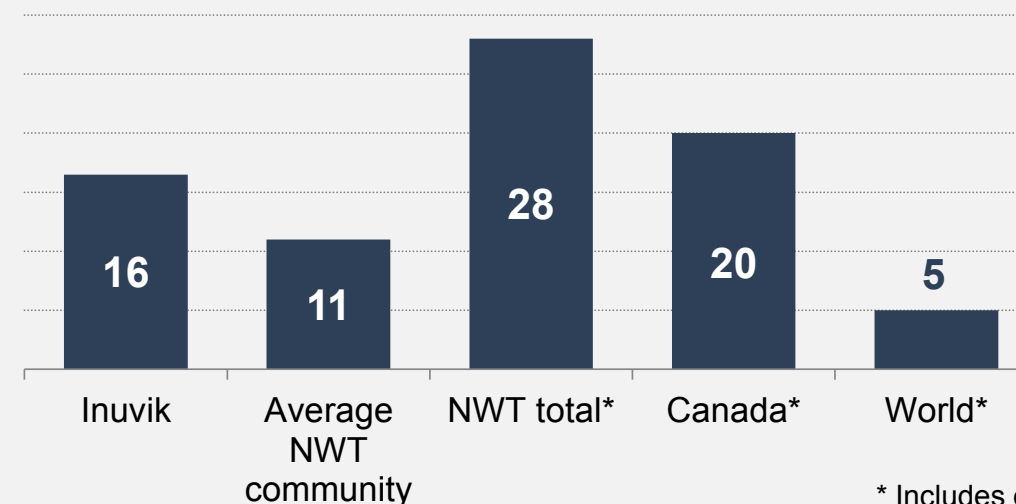
## Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions – 1 Year

### Community total GHG emissions per year

57,000 tonnes  
16 tonnes/person

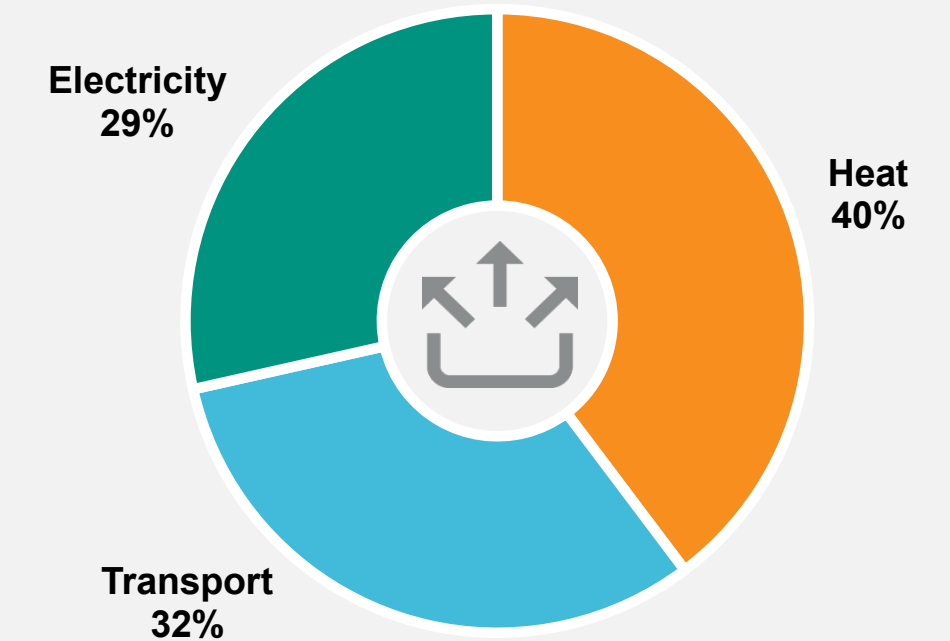


### Average tonnes of GHGs per person per year



\* Includes emissions from industry and commercial transport.

## Energy Use – 1 Year



### Energy use in homes

19% of total energy use  
28% of total electricity  
70% of total natural gas

100% of total firewood  
20% of total wood pellets



### Energy use in other buildings

Store, school, church, office, arena, library, etc.

23% of total energy use  
72% of total electricity  
30% of total natural gas  
100% of total heating oil

80% of total wood pellets  
100% of total propane  
100% of total waste heat recovery



### Transport (local – no air transport)

Cars, trucks, boats, ATVs, skidoos, etc.

32% of total energy use  
Fuel purchased in the community.



### Waste energy

From electricity production and heating  
26% of total energy use

# ENERGY PROFILE

INUVIK 2018

## EXTRA INFO

### What's a megajoule (MJ)?

A joule is a unit of energy. A megajoule is 1 million joules.

#### Some examples:

- 1 BBQ propane tank = 500 MJ
- 1 kWh = 3.6 MJ
- 1 L of heating oil = 38.4 MJ
- 1 L of propane = 26.6 MJ
- 1 tonne of wood pellets = 19,200 MJ
- 1 cord of wood = 18,700 MJ

### What's waste energy?

When fuels are burned, some of their energy is released as heat that can't be used. The amount of energy that an appliance or device can use is called its efficiency. For example:

**Diesel generators** can usually only convert 25–35% of the diesel's energy to electricity, while 65–75% is released as heat.

**Furnaces, boilers, wood stoves** and other heating appliances can use anywhere from 70% to more than 95% of the heat they produce. The rest is released up the chimney.

## Energy sources

### Diesel generator

- 28% of total energy
- Cost: \$19,500,000
- Amount: 6,460,000 Litres
- GHGs: 17,400 tonnes
- Energy: 248,000,000 MJ

### Synthetic natural gas

- 26% of total energy
- Cost: \$8,140,000
- Amount: 230,000 GJ
- GHGs: 13,300 tonnes
- Energy: 230,000,000 MJ

### Diesel for vehicles

- 18% of total energy
- Cost: \$6,450,000
- Amount: 4,030,000 Litres
- GHGs: 11,000 tonnes
- Energy: 155,000,000 MJ

### Gasoline

- 14% of total energy
- Cost: \$5,790,000
- Amount: 3,630,000 Litres
- GHGs: 8,920 tonnes
- Energy: 122,000,000 MJ

### Heating oil

- 10% of total energy
- Cost: \$3,190,000
- Amount: 2,200,000 Litres
- GHGs: 5,920 tonnes
- Energy: 84,500,000 MJ

### Firewood

- 2% of total energy
- Cost: \$413,000
- Amount: 787 Cords
- GHGs: 26 tonnes
- Energy: 14,700,000 MJ

### Wood pellets (commercial)

- 1% of total energy
- Cost: \$285,000
- Amount: 475 tonnes
- GHGs: 16 tonnes
- Energy: 9,120,000 MJ

### Propane

- 1% of total energy
- Cost: \$331,000
- Amount: 228,000 Litres
- GHGs: 351 tonnes
- Energy: 6,060,000 MJ

### Wood pellets (residential)

- 0.3% of total energy
- Cost: \$83,000
- Amount: 125 tonnes
- GHGs: 4 tonnes
- Energy: 2,400,000 MJ

### Solar PV

- 0.1% of total energy
- Cost: \$0
- Amount: 180,000 kWh
- GHGs: 0 tonnes
- Energy: 647,000 MJ

### Waste heat recovery

- 0% of total energy
- Cost: \$146,000
- Amount: n/a
- GHGs: 0 tonnes
- Energy: 2,510,000 MJ

## Total community energy use

- 872,100,000 MJ
- 250,000 MJ/person

The AEA has tried to ensure our data is as accurate as possible, but there could be mistakes. If something seems incorrect, please contact us to let us know.

#### References

Energy source and use data: Private suppliers and utilities, and the Government of the Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics and Department of Infrastructure.

GHG emissions data: <https://www.cer-rec.gc.ca/nrg/ntgrtd/mrkt/nrgsstmprfls/nt-eng.html>  
[https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/co-emissions-per-capita?tab=chart&country=AUS+CAN+USA+OWID\\_WRL](https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/co-emissions-per-capita?tab=chart&country=AUS+CAN+USA+OWID_WRL)

## Total NWT energy use (2017)

Total: 20 billion MJ/year

